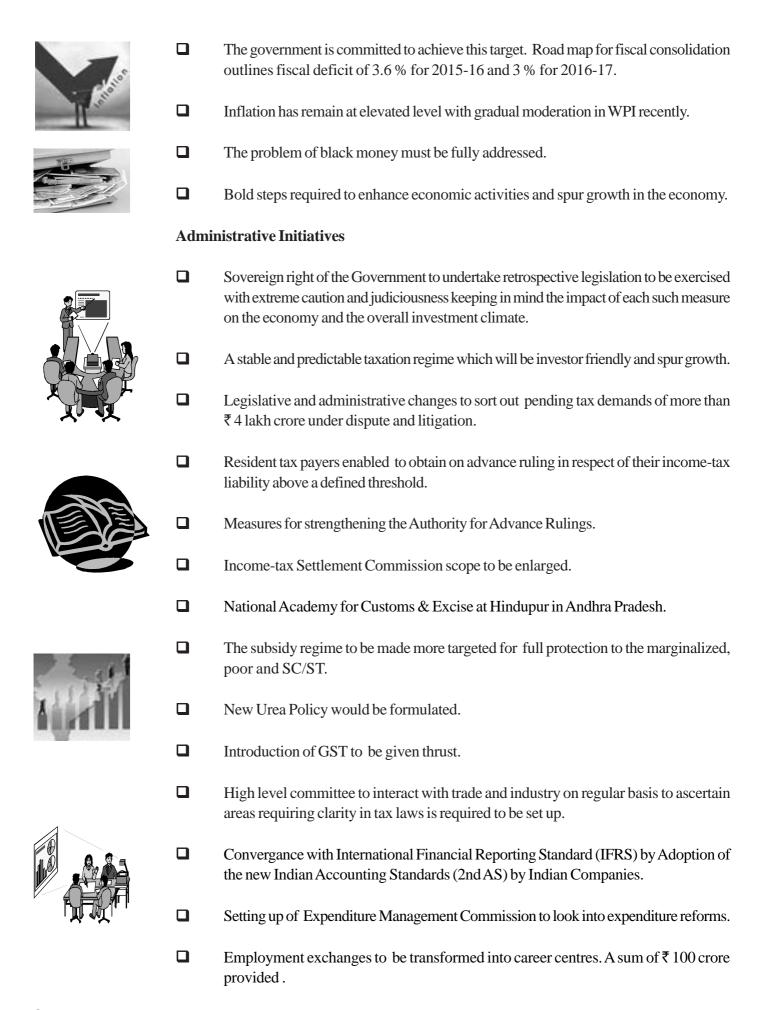
Key Features of Budget 2014-2015

THE CURRENT ECONOMIC SITUATION AND THE CHALLENGES

†† † ††††		Decisive vote for change represents the desire of the people to grow, free themselves from the curse of poverty and use the opportunity provided by the society. Country in no mood to suffer unemployment, inadequate basic amenities, lack of infrastructure and apathetic governance.
		Challenging situation due to Sub five per cent growth and double digit inflation.
		Continued slow-down in many emerging economies a threat to sustained global recovery.
	0	Recovery seen with the growth rate of world economy projected at 3.6 per cent in 2014 vis-à-vis in 2013.
A STATE OF THE STA		First budget of this NDA government to lay down a broad policy indicator of the direction in which we wish to take this country.
e i his		Steps announced are only the beginning of the journey towards a sustained growth of 7-8 per cent or above within the next 3-4 years along with macro-economic stabilization.
OF KARA.		Growing aspirations of people will be reflected in the development strategy of the Government led by the Prime minister Shri Narendra Modi and its mandate of "Sab ka Saath Sab ka Vikas".
		Need to revive growth in manufacturing and infrastructure sectors.
GROWTH		Tax to GDP ratio must be improved and Non-tax revenues increased.
	Defic	it and Inflation
	0	Decline in fiscal deficit from 5.7% in 2011-12 to 4.5% in 2013-14 mainly achieved by reduction in expenditure rather than by way of realization of higher revenue.
		Improvement in current account deficit from 4.7 % in 2012-13 to year end level of 1.7% mainly achieved through restriction on non-essential import and slow-down in overall aggregate demand. Need to keep watch on CAD.
		4.1 per cent fiscal deficit a daunting task in the backdrop of two years of low GDP growth, static industrial growth, moderate increase in indirect taxes, subsidy burden

and not so encouraging tax buoyancy.



ECONOMIC INITIATIVES

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)



Government to promote FDI selectively in sectors.



The composite cap of foreign investment to be raised to 49 per cent with full Indian management and control through the FIPB route.



- The composite cap in the insurance sector to be increased up to 49 per cent from 26 per cent with full Indian management and control through the FIPB route.
- Requirement of the built up area and capital conditions for FDI to be reduced from 50,000 square metres to 20,000 square metres and from USD 10 million to USD 5 million respectively for development of smart cities.
- The manufacturing units to be allowed to sell its products through retail including Ecommerce platforms.



Bank Capitalization

- Requirement to infuse ₹.2,40,000 crore as equity by 2018 in our banks to be in line with Basel-III norms
- Capital of banks to be raised by increasing the shareholding of the people in a phased manner.



PSU Capital Expenditure

PSUs will invest through capital investment a total sum of ₹2,47,941 crores in the current financial year.





A sum of ₹7060 crore is provided in the current fiscal for the project of developing "one hundred Smart Cities"

Real Estate



- Incentives for Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS). Complete pass through for the purpose of taxation.
- A modified REITS type structure for infrastructure projects as the Infrastructure Investment Trusts (INVITS).
- These two instruments to attract long term finance from foreign and domestic sources including the NRIs.



Irrigation

■ ₹ 1000 crore provided for "Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojna" for assured irrigation.

Rural Development



- Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission for integrated project based infrastructure in the rural areas.
- ₹ 500 crore for "Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojana" for feeder separation to augment power supply to the rural areas.
- ₹ 14,389 crore provided for Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojna(PMGSY).



- More productive, asset creating and with linkages to agriculture and allied activities wage employment would to be provided under MGNREGA.
- Under Ajeevika, the provision of bank loan for women SHGs at 4% to be extended to another 100 districts.



- Initial sum of ₹ 100 crore for "Start Up Village Entrepreneurship Programme" for encouraging rural youth to take up local entrepreneurship programs.
- Allocation for National Housing Bank increased to ₹8000 crore to support Rural housing.
- New programme "Neeranchal" to give impetus to watershed development in the country with an initial outlay of ₹ 2142 crores.
- Backward Region Grant Fund (BRGF) to be restructured to address intra-district inequalities.



- An amount of ₹ 50,548 crore is proposed under the SC Plan and ₹ 32,387 crore under TSP.
- For the welfare of the tribals "Van Bandhu Kalyan Yojna" launched with an initial allocation of ₹ 100 crore.

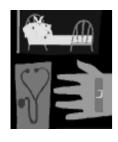
Senior Citizen & Differently Abled Persons



- Varishtha Pension Bima Yojana (VPBY) to be revived for a limited period from 15 August, 2014 to 14 August, 2015 for the benefit of citizens aged 60 years and above.
- A committee will to examine and recommend how unclaimed amounts with PPF, Post Office, saving schemes etc. can be used to protect and further financial interests of the senior citizens?

		Government notified a minimum pension of ₹ 1000 per month to all subscriber members of EP Scheme. Initial provision of ₹ 250 crore.	
		Increase in mandatory wage ceiling of subscription to ₹ 15000. A provision of ₹ 250 crore in the current budget.	
		EPFO to launch the "Uniform Account Number" Service for contributing members.	
OFIL		Scheme for Assistance to Disabled Persons for purchase/fitting of Aids and Appliances (ADIP) extended to include contemporary aids and assistive devices.	
		National level institutes for Universal Inclusive Design , Mental Health Rehabilitation and a Centre for Disability Sports to be established.	
		Assistance to State Governments to establish fifteen new Braille Presses and modernize ten existing Braille Presses.	
		Government to print currency notes with Braille like signs for visibly challenged persons.	
	Women & Child Development		
		Outlay of ₹ 50 crores for pilot testing a scheme on "Safety for Women on Public Road Transport".	
3		Sum of ₹ 150 crores on a scheme to increase the safety of women in large cities.	
		"Crisis Management Centres" in all the districts of NCT of Delhi this year government and private hospitals.	
		A sum of ₹ 100 crore is provided for "Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao Yojana", a focused scheme to generate awareness and help in improving the efficiency of delivery of welfare services meant for women.	
		School curriculum to have a separate chapter on gender mainstreaming.	
Drinking Water & Sanitation		ing Water & Sanitation	
		20,000 habitations affected with arsenic, fluoride, heavy/ toxic elements, pesticides/ fertilizers to be provided safe drinking water through community water purification plants in next 3 years	
		"Swachh Bharat Abhiyan" to cover every household with sanitation facility by the year 2019.	

Health and Family Welfare



- ☐ Free Drug Service and Free Diagnosis Service to achieve "Health For All"
- Two National Institutes of Ageing to be set up at AIIMS, New Delhi and Madras Medical College, Chennai.
- A national level research and referral Institute for higher dental studies to be set up.



- AIIMS like institutions in Andhra Pradesh, West Bengal, Vidarbha in Maharashtra and Poorvanchal in UP. A provision of ₹ 500 crores made.
- 12 new government medical colleges to be set up.
- States' Drug Regulatory and Food Regulatory Systems to be strengthened by creating new drug testing laboratories and strengthening the 31 existing State laboratories.



- ☐ 15 Model Rural Health Research Centres to be set up for research on local health issues concerning rural population.
- A national programme in Mission Mode to halt the deteriorating malnutrition situation in India to be put in place within six months.

EDUCATION

School Education



- Government would strive to provide toilets and drinking water in all the girls school in first phase. An amount of ₹28635 crore is being funded for Sarv Shiksha Abhiyan(SSA) and ₹4966 crore for Rashtriya madhyamic Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA).
- A School Assessment Programme is being initiated at a cost of ₹ 30 crore.
- ₹ 500 crore provided for "Pandit Madan Mohan Malviya New Teachers Training Programme" to infuse new training tools and motivate teachers.
- ₹ 100 crore provided for setting up virtual classrooms as Communication Linked Interface for Cultivating Knowledge (CLICK) and online courses.

Higher Education



- Jai Prakash Narayan National Centre for Excellence in Humanities to be set up in MP.
- ₹ 500 crore provided for setting up 5 more IITs in the Jammu, Chhattisgarh, Goa, Andhra Pradesh and Kerala.
- 5 IIMs in the States of HP, Punjab, Bihar, Odisha and Rajasthan.
- Simplification of norms to facilitate education loans for higher studies.

Information Technology



- Pan India programme "Digital India" to with an outlay of ₹ 500 crore to be launched.
- Programme for promoting "Good Governance" to be launched .A sum of ₹ 100 crore provided.

Information and Broadcasting



- ₹ 100 crore allocated for 600 new and existing Community Radio Stations.
- Film & Television Institute, Pune and Satyajit Ray Film & Television Institute, Kolkata are proposed to be accorded status of Institutes of national importance and a "National Centre for Excellence in Animation, Gaming and Special Effects to be set up.
- ₹ 100 crore is provided for Kisan TV, to disseminate real time information to the farmers on issues such as new farming techniques, water conservation, organic farming etc.

Urban Development



- Vision of the Government is that 500 urban habitations to be provided support for renewal of infrastructure and services in next 10 years through PPPs
- Present corpus of Pooled Municipal Debt Obligation Facility facility to be enlarged to ₹ 50,000 Crore from ₹ 5000 crore.
- ₹ 100 crore provided for Metro Projects in Lucknow and Ahemdabad.

Housing

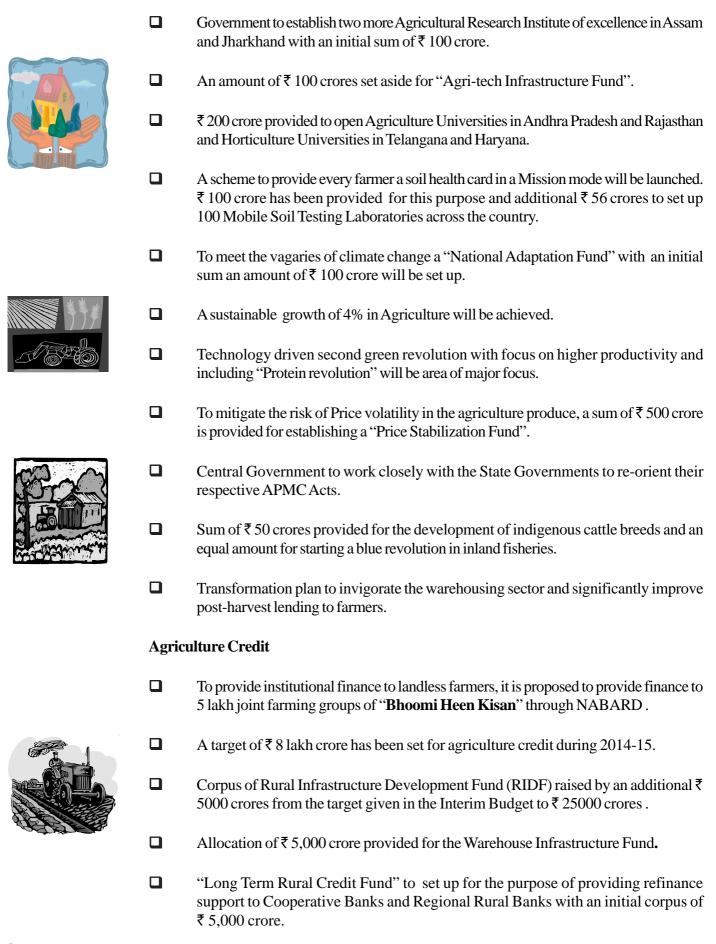


- Extended additional tax incentive on home loans shall be provided to encourage people, especially the young, to own houses.
- Mission on Low Cost Affordable Housing anchored in the National Housing Bank to be set up.
- A sum of ₹ 4000 crores for NHB from the priority sector lending shortfall with a view to increase the flow of cheaper credit for affordable housing to the urban poor/EWS/LIG segment is provided
- Slum development to be included in the list of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities to encourage the private sector to contribute more.

Minorities

- A programme for the up gradation of skills and training in ancestral arts for development for the minorities "Up gradation of Traditional Skills in Arts, Resources and Goods" to be launched.
- An additional amount of ₹ 100 crores for Modernization of Madarsas.

AGRICULTURE



Sum of ₹200 crore for NABARD's Producers Development and Upliftment Corpus (PRODUCE) for building 2,000 producers organizations over the next two years.

Food Security



- Restructuring FCI, reducing transportation and distribution losses and efficacy of PDS to be taken up on priority.
- Government committed to provide wheat and rice at reasonable prices to the weaker sections of the society.
- Government when required will undertake open market sales to keep prices under control.

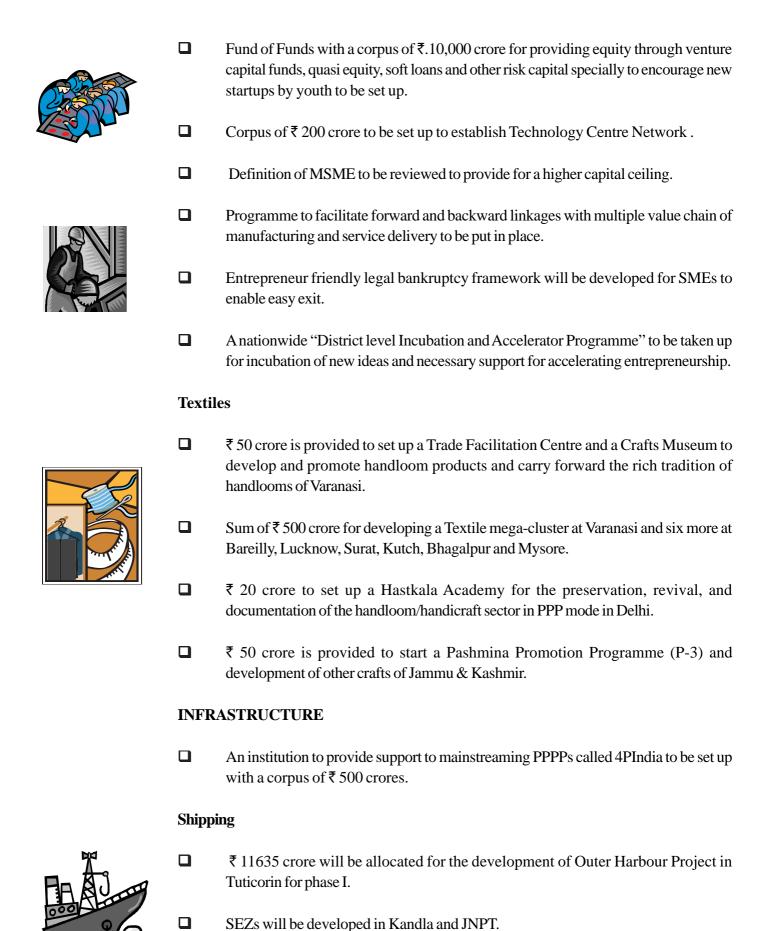
INDUSTRY

- Central Government Departments and Ministries to integrate their services with the e-Biz -a single window IT platform- for services on priority by 31 December this year.
- ₹ 100 crore provided for setting up a National Industrial Corridor Authority.
- Amritsar Kolkata Industrial master planning to be completed expeditiously.
- ☐ Master planning of 3 new smart cities in the Chennai-Bengaluru Industrial Corridor region, viz., Ponneri in Tamil Nadu, Krishnapatnam in Andhra Pradesh and Tumkur in Karnataka to be completed.
- Perspective plan for the Bengaluru Mumbai Economic corridor (BMEC) and Vizag-Chennai corridor to be completed with the provision for 20 new industrial clusters.
- Development of industrial corridors with emphasis on Smart Cities linked to transport connectivity to spur growth in manufacturing and urbanization will be accelerated.
- Proposed to establish an Export promotion Mission to bring all stakeholders under one umbrella.
- Apprenticeship Act to be suitably amended to make it more responsive to industry and youth.

Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) Sector



- Skill India to be launched to skill the youth with an emphasis on employability and entrepreneur skills.
- Committee to examine the financial architecture for MSME Sector, remove bottlenecks and create new rules and structures to be set up and give concrete suggestions in three months.



Comprehensive policy to be announced to promote Indian ship building industry.

Inland Navigation



Project on Ganges called "Jal Marg Vikas' to be developed between Allahabad and Haldia.

New Airports

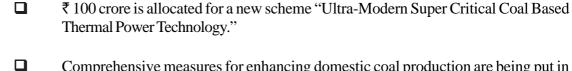
Scheme for development of new airports in Tier I and Tier II Cities to be launched.

Roads sector



- Sector needs huge amount of investment along with debottlenecking from maze of clearances.
- An investment of an amount of ₹ 37,880 crores in NHAI and State Roads is proposed which includes ₹ 3000 crores for the North East.
- Target of NH construction of 8500 km will be achieved in current financial year.
- Work on select expressways in parallel to the development of the Industrial Corridors will be initiated. For project preparation NHAI shall set aside a sum of ₹ 500 crore.

Energy

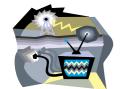




- Comprehensive measures for enhancing domestic coal production are being put in place.
- Adequate quantity of coal will be provided to power plants which are already commissioned or would be commissioned by March 2015.
- An exercise to rationalize coal linkages to optimize transport of coal and reduce cost of power is underway.

New & Renewable Energy





- ₹ 400 crores provided for a scheme for solar power driven agricultural pump sets and water pumping stations.
- ₹ 100 crore provided for the development of 1 MW Solar Parks on the banks of canals.
- A Green Energy Corridor Project is being implemented to facilitate evacuation of renewable energy across the country.

Petroleum & Natural Gas



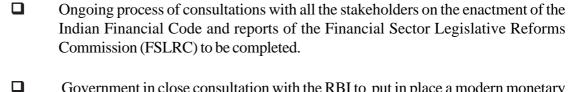
- ☐ Production and exploitation of Coal Bed Methane reserves will be accelerated.
- Possibility of using modern technology to revive old or closed wells to be explored.
- Usage of PNG to be rapidly scaled up in a Mission mode.
- Proposal to develop pipelines using appropriate PPP models.

Mining

Changes, if necessary, in the MMDR Act, 1957 to be introduced to encourage investment in mining sector and promote sustainable mining practices.

FINANCIAL SECTOR

Capital Market





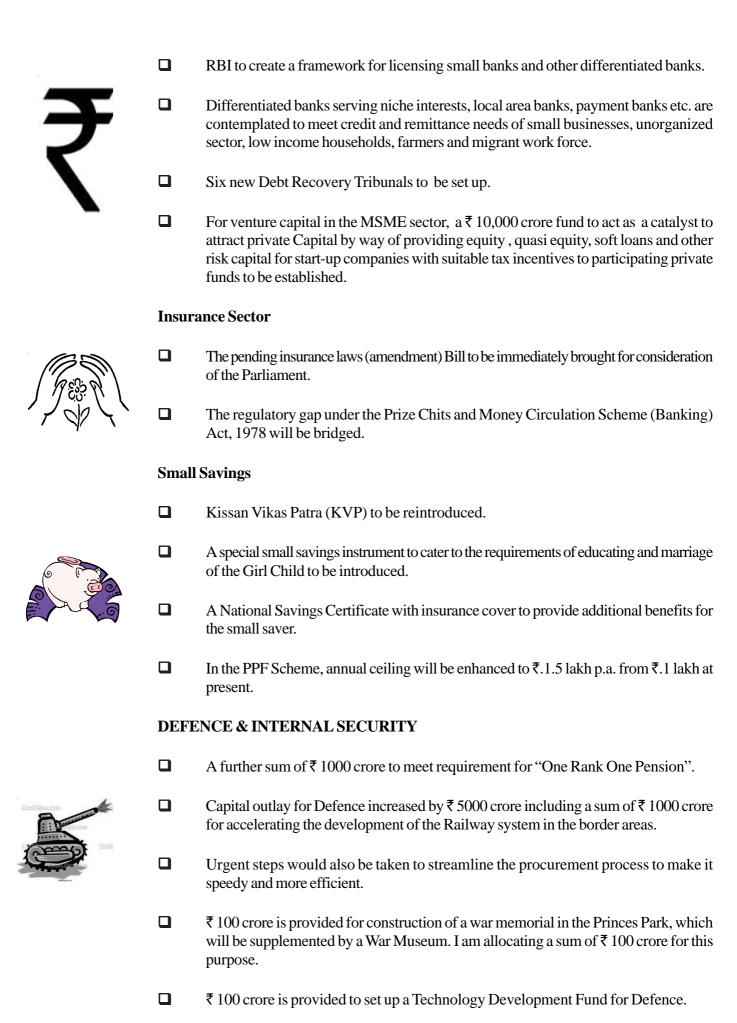
- Government in close consultation with the RBI to put in place a modern monetary policy framework.
- Following measures will be taken to energize Capital markets:
- ☐ Introduction of uniform KYC norms and inter-usability of the KYC records across the entire financial sector.
- ☐ Introduce one single operating demat account
- Uniform tax treatment for pension fund and mutual fund linked retirement plan

BANKINGAND INSURANCE SECTOR

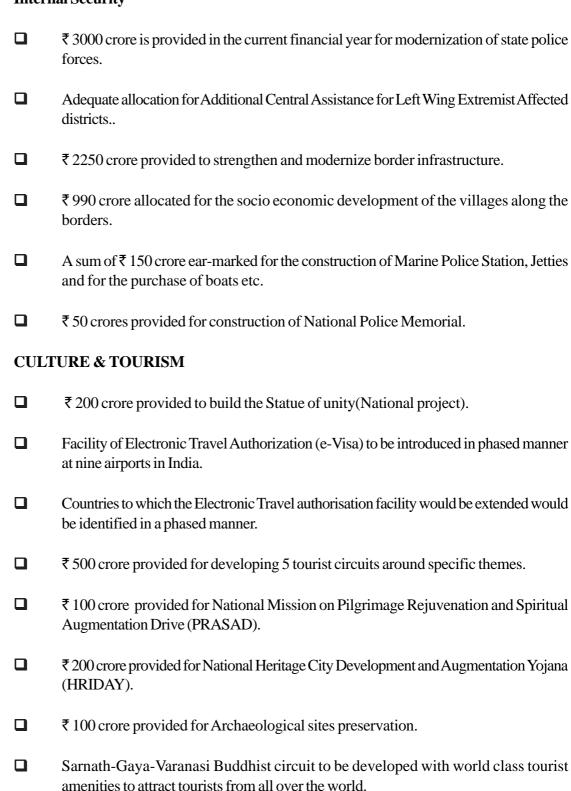
Banking



- Time bound programme as Financial Inclusion Mission to be launched on 15 August this year with focus on the weaker sections of the society.
- Banks to be encouraged to extend long term loans to infrastructure sector with flexible structuring.
- Banks to be permitted to raise long term funds for lending to infrastructure sector with minimum regulatory pre-emption such as CRR, SLR and Priority Sector Lending (PSL).



Internal Security



Water Resources and cleaning of Ganga



- ₹ 100 crore provided for Detailed Project Reports for linking of rivers.
- ₹ 2037 crores provided for Integrated Ganga Conservation Mission "NAMAMI GANGE".

₹ 100 crore provided for Ghat development and beautification at Kedarnath, Haridwar, Kanpur, Varanasi, Allahabad, Patna and Delhi. NRI Fund for Ganga will be set up. **Science and Technology** Government to strengthen at least five institutions as Technical Research Centres. Development of Biotech clusters in Faridabad and Bengaluru. Nascent agri-biotech cluster in Mohali to be scaled up. In addition, two new clusters, in Pune and Kolkata to be established. Global partnerships will be developed under India's leadership to transform the Delhi component of the International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (ICGEB) into a world-leader in life sciences and biotechnology. Several major space missions planned for 2014-15. **Sports and Youth Affairs** ₹ 200 crore provided for upgrading the indoor and outdoor sports stadiums in Jammu and Kashmir Valley to international standards. ₹ 100 crore provided for sports university in Manipur. India to start an annual event to promote Unique sports traditions in the Himalayan region games. ₹ 100 crore provided for the training of sports women and men for forthcoming Asian games. A "Young Leaders Programme" with an initial allocation of ₹ 100 crore to be set up. **North Eastern States** ₹ 100 crore provided for development of organic farming in North Eastern States. ₹ 1000 crore provided for development of rail connectivity in the North Eastern Region. To provide a strong platform to rich cultural and linguistic identity of the North-East, a new 24x7 channel called "Arun Prabha" will be launched. **Andhra Pradesh and Telangana** Government committed to addressing the issues relating to development of Andhra Pradesh and Telangana in the AP Re-organization Act, 2014. Provision made by

various Ministries/Departments to fulfill the obligation of Union Government.

NCT of Delhi



- ₹ 200 crore for power reforms and ₹ 500 crore for water reforms to make Delhi a truly World Class City.
- ₹ 50 crore provided to solve the long term water supply issues to the capital region. Construction of long pending Renuka Dam to be taken up on priority.

Andaman and Nicobar Island and Puducherry

- ₹ 150 crore provided to tide over communication related problems of the Island.
- ₹ 188 crore to Puducherry for meeting commitments for Disaster preparedness.

Displaced Kashmiri Migrants

■ ₹500 crore provided to support displaced Kashmiri migrants for rebuilding their lives.

Himalayan Studies

■ ₹ 100 crore provided to set up a National Centre for Himalayan Studies in Uttarakhand.

BUDGET ESTIMATES



- Mandate to be fulfilled without compromising fiscal consolidation.
- Non-plan Expenditure of ₹ 12,19,892 crore with additional provision for fertilizer subsidy and Capital expenditure for Armed forces.
- ₹.5,75,000 crore Plan expenditure increase of 26.9 per cent over actuals of 2013-14.
- Plan increase targeted towards Agriculture, capacity creation in Health and Education, Rural Roads and National Highways Infrastructure, Railways network expansion, clean energy initiatives, development of water resources and river conservation plans.
- Total expenditure of ₹.17,94,892 crore estimated.
- Gross Tax receipts of ₹ 13,64,524 crore estimated.
- Net to centre of ₹ 9,77,258 crore estimated.
- Fiscal deficit of 4.1% of GDP and Revenue deficit of 2.9% estimated.
- New Statement to separately show plan allocation made for North Eastern Region.
 Allocation of ₹ 53,706 crore for North East Regions.

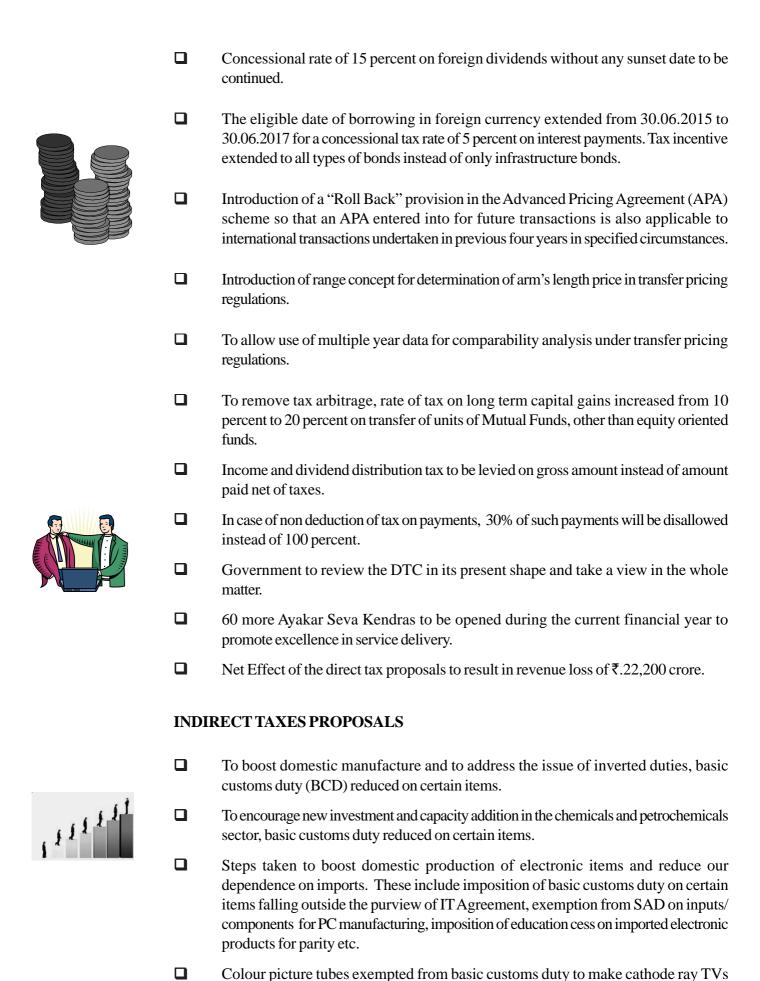
	Allocation of ₹ 50,548 crore under SCSP and ₹ 32,387 under TSP.
	Allocation for women at ₹98,030 crore and for children at ₹81,075 crore.
TAX	X PROPOSALS
	Ambitious Revenue Collection Targets in Interim Budget. Proposed tax changes factored in the Budget Estimates 2014-15
	Measures to revive the economy, promote investment in manufacturing, rationalize tax provisions to reduce litigation, address the problem of inverted duty structure in certain areas. Tax reliefs to individual tax payers.
DIR	ECT TAXES PROPOSALS
	Personal Income-tax exemption limit raised by $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}$
	No change in the rate of surcharge either for the corporates or the individuals, HUFs, firms etc.
	The education cess to continue at 3 percent.
	Investment limit under section 80C of the Income-tax Act raised from $\ref{1}$ lakh to $\ref{1}$ 1.5 lakh.
	Deduction limit on account of interest on loan in respect of self occupied house property raised from \mathbb{Z} .1.5 lakh to \mathbb{Z} .2 lakh.
	Conducive tax regime to Infrastructure Investment Trusts and Real Estate Investment Trusts to be set up in accordance with regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India.
	Investment allowance at the rate of 15 percent to a manufacturing company that invests more than ₹ 25 crore in any year in new plant and machinery. The benefit to be available for three years i.e. for investments upto 31.03.2017.



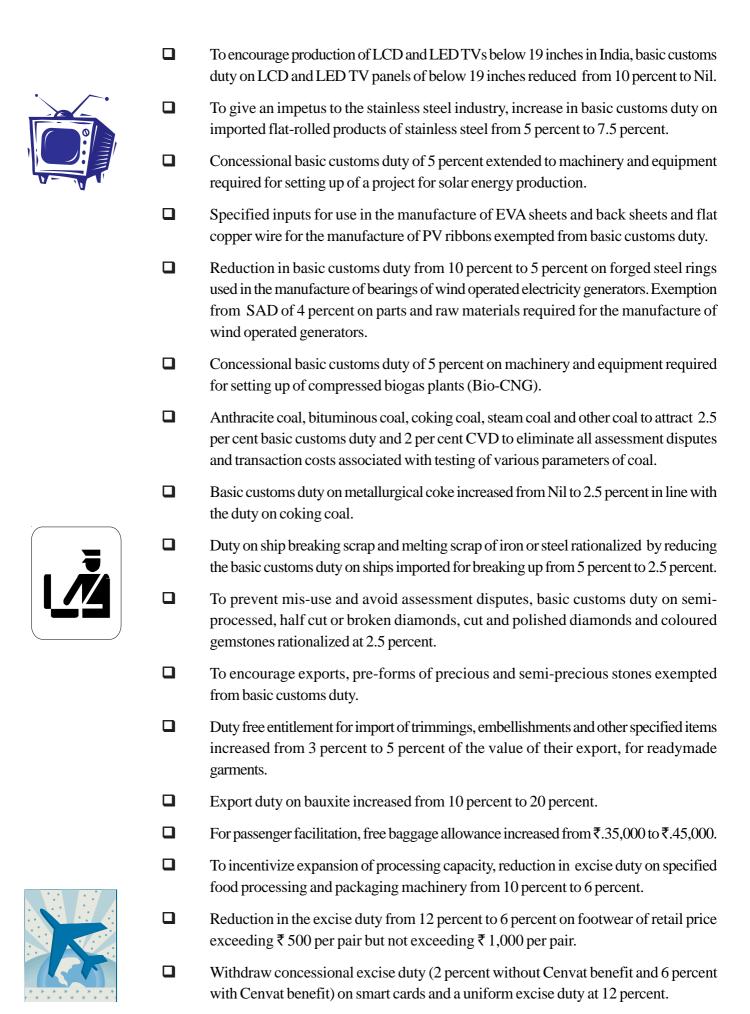
☐ Investment linked deduction extended to two new sectors, namely, slurry pipelines for the transportation of iron ore, and semi-conductor wafer fabrication manufacturing units.

10 year tax holiday extended to the undertakings which begin generation, distribution and transmission of power by 31.03.2017.

☐ Income arising to foreign portfolio investors from transaction in securities to be treated as capital gains.



cheaper and more affordable to weaker sections.



		To develop renewable energy, various items exempted from excise duty.
		Exemption to PSF and PFY manufactured from plastic waste and scrap including PET bottles from excise duty with effect from 29th June, 2010 to 7th May, 2012.
		Prospective levy of a nominal duty of 2 percent without Cenvat benefit and 6 percent with Cenvat benefit on such PSF and PFY.
		Concessional excise duty of 2 percent without Cenvat benefit and 6 percent with Cenvat benefit on sports gloves.
		Specific rates of excise duty increased on cigrettes in the range of 11 per cent to 72 per cent.
		Excise duty increased from 12 percent to 16 percent on pan masala, from 50 percent to 55 percent on unmanufactured tobacco and from 60 percent to 70 percent on gutkha and chewing tobacco.
		Levy of an additional duty of excise at 5 percent on aerated waters containing added sugar.
		To finance Clean Environment initiatives, Clean Energy Cess increased from ₹.50 per tonne to ₹.100 per tonne.
	Servi	ce tax.
		To broaden the tax base in Service Tax, sale of space or time for advertisements in broadcast media, extended to cover such sales on other segments like online and mobile advertising. Sale of space for advertisements in print media however would remain excluded from service tax. Service provided by radio-taxis brought under service tax.
		Services by air-conditioned contract carriages and technical testing of newly developed drugs on human participants brought under service tax.
		Provision of services rules to be amended and tax incidence to be reduced on transport of goods through coastal vessels to promote Indian Shipping industry.
		Services provided by Indian tour operators to foreign tourists in relation to a tour wholly conducted outside India to be taken out of the tax net and Cenvat credit for services of rent-a-cab and tour operators to be allowed to promote tourism.
		Service tax exempted on loading, unloading, storage, warehousing and transportation of cotton, whether ginned or baled.
		Services provided by the Employees' State Insurance Corporation for the period prior to 1st July 2012 exempted, from service tax.
		Exemption available for specified micro insurance schemes expanded to cover all life micro-insurance schemes where the sum assured does not exceed ₹.50, 000 per life insured.

_	medical waste treatment facilities exempted.
	Tax proposals on the indirect taxes side are estimated to yield ₹.7525 crore.
	24X7 customs clearance facility extended to 13 more airports in respect of all export goods and to 14 more sea ports in respect of specified import and export goods to facilitate cargo clearance.
	'Indian Customs Single Window Project' to facilitate trade, to be implemented.
	The scheme of Advance Ruling in indirect taxes to be expanded to cover resident private limited companies. The scope of Settlement Commission to be enlarged to facilitate quick dispute resolution.
	Customs and Central Excise Acts to be amended to expedite the process of disposal of appeals.